

VOTER REGISTRATION OF PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED FELONS **IF CONVICTION WAS AFTER JUNE 30, 1996**

If you were convicted of a felony between the above years and want to restore your voting rights, you must follow the below procedure. This process is based on state law, therefore, you must complete the requirements listed below in order to restore your voting rights.

If you were convicted of a felony **after June 30, 1996**, you must either obtain a:

Pardon:

1. Obtain a pardon from the governor which restores your full rights of citizenship.
2. Present proof of the pardon to your local county election commission who will verify the information with the State Coordinator of Elections.
3. Upon verification, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Judgment:

1. Once the maximum sentence which was imposed has expired, you may petition the court to have your full rights of citizenship restored.
2. The petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk in either the county where you currently reside or the county where you were convicted.
3. You must provide any documentation requested by the circuit court clerk.
4. Once you obtain the judgment (order), you will need to submit a certified copy of the order to the county election commission in the county where you reside.
5. The county election commission will verify with the Coordinator of Elections that the order was issued.
6. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

If you were convicted of murder, rape, treason, or voter fraud between the above years, state law does not permit you to restore your right to vote.

VOTER REGISTRATION OF PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED FELONS **IF CONVICTION WAS BETWEEN JULY 1, 1986 and JUNE 30, 1996**

If you were convicted of a felony between the above years and want to restore your voting rights, you must follow the below procedure. This process is based on state law, therefore, you must complete the requirements listed below in order to restore your voting rights.

If you were convicted of a felony **between July 1, 1986 and June 30, 1996**, you must either obtain a:

Certificate of Restoration:

If you have either received a pardon, the maximum sentence which was imposed has expired or you have been granted final release from incarceration or supervision, then you must:

1. Obtain a Certificate of Restoration of Voting Rights from your local county election commission.
2. Have the Certificate of Restoration form completed by either the pardoning authority or an agent or officer of the supervising or incarcerating authority. Examples of the above would be:
 - i. The pardoning authority
 - ii. The board of paroles
 - iii. The department of correction where you were granted final release
 - iv. The county correction authority or probation officer
3. Once the Certificate of Restoration is completed by one of the above individuals, take the original or certified completed form to the county election commission in the county where you reside.
4. Once the form is verified by the Coordinator of Elections, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Judgment:

1. Once the maximum sentence which was imposed has expired, you may petition the court to have your full rights of citizenship restored.
2. The petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk in either the county where you currently reside or the county where you were convicted.
3. You must provide any documentation requested by the circuit court clerk.
4. Once you obtain the judgment (order), you will need to submit a certified copy of the order to the county election commission in the county where you reside.
5. The county election commission will verify with the Coordinator of Elections that the order was issued.
6. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

If you were convicted of first degree murder, aggravated rape, treason, or voter fraud, state law does not permit you to restore your voting rights. If you receive a pardon and the pardon restricts your voting rights, you will not be permitted to restore your voting rights.

VOTER REGISTRATION OF PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED FELONS **IF CONVICTION WAS BETWEEN MAY 18, 1981 and JUNE 30, 1986**

If you were convicted of a felony between the above years and want to restore your voting rights, you must follow the below procedure. This process is based on state law, therefore, you must complete the requirements listed below in order to restore your voting rights.

If you were convicted of a felony **between May 18, 1981 and June 30, 1986**, you must either obtain a:

Pardon:

1. Obtain a pardon from the governor which restores your full rights of citizenship.
2. Present proof of the pardon to your local county election commission who will verify the information with the State Coordinator of Elections.
3. Upon verification, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Judgment:

1. Once the maximum sentence which was imposed has expired, you may petition the court to have your full rights of citizenship restored.
2. The petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk in either the county where you currently reside or the county where you were convicted.
3. You must provide any documentation requested by the circuit court clerk.
4. Once you obtain the judgment (order), you will need to submit a certified copy of the order to the county election commission in the county where you reside.
5. The county election commission will verify with the Coordinator of Elections that the order was issued.
6. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Reversed on appeal

1. If your conviction is reversed on appeal, you must present proof to the local county election commission in the county in which the person resides.
2. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

VOTER REGISTRATION OF PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED FELONS **IF CONVICTION WAS PRIOR TO JANUARY 15, 1973**

If you were convicted of one of the following felonies prior to January 15, 1973 and want to restore your voting rights, you must follow the below procedure. This process is based on state law, therefore, you must complete the requirements listed below in order to restore your voting rights.

The following convictions forfeited your right to vote:

Convicted of abusing a female child
Arson and felonies burning
Bigamy
Bribery
Burglary, felonious breaking and entering a dwelling house, felonious breaking into a business house, outhouse other than a dwelling house, larceny
Horse stealing
Robbery
Receiving stolen property, stealing bills of exchange or other valuable papers, destroying a will
Incest, rape, sodomy, buggery or perjury
Subornation of perjury

If you were convicted of one of the above felonies **prior to January 15, 1973**, you must either obtain a:

Pardon:

1. Obtain a pardon from the governor which restores your full rights of citizenship.
2. Present proof of the pardon to your local county election commission who will verify the information with the State Coordinator of Elections.
3. Upon verification, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Judgment:

1. Once the maximum sentence which was imposed has expired, you may petition the court to have your full rights of citizenship restored.
2. The petition must be filed with the circuit court clerk in either the county where you currently reside or the county where you were convicted.
3. You must provide any documentation requested by the circuit court clerk.
4. Once you obtain the judgment (order), you will need to submit a certified copy of the order to the county election commission in the county where you reside.
5. The county election commission will verify with the Coordinator of Elections that the order was issued.
6. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Reversed on appeal

1. If your conviction is reversed on appeal, you must present proof to the local county election commission in the county in which the person resides.
2. Once verified, you may register to vote in the county in which you reside.

Show proof that you were not rendered infamous at time of conviction.